The listing of claims presented below replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-51 (cancel)

52. A biochip comprising (a) composition K wherein,

$$K = aA + bB + cC + dD + eE$$
 wherein

A is a monomer based on derivatives of acrylic and methacrylic acids;

**B** is a water soluble cross-linking agent;

C is a biological modified macromolecule bearing an unsaturated group;

**D** is a water soluble compound as a medium component for performing a copolymerization;

E is water, and

- **a, b, c, d, e** are percentages (X) of each ingredient in the composition wherein for solids X is  $m/v \times 100\%$ ; and for liquids X is  $v/v \times 100\%$  wherein the total content of monomer and cross-linking agent is in a range from 3 to 40% ( $3 \le (a+b) \le 40\%$ ), and a monomer to cross-linking agent ratio being within a range of 97:3 to 60:40 and percentages of C, D, and E ingredients being within a range of  $0.0001\% \le c \le 10\%$ ;  $0\% \le d \le 90\%$ ;  $5\% \le e \le 95\%$ ; and (b) an array formed on a substrate wherein the array is divided into cells and each cell may comprise an immobilized macromolecule.
  - 53. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein said cells form a regular one- or two-dimensional structure (phase).
  - 54. The biochip according to claim 54 wherein the composition K is applied to a substrate on the biochip by using an automatic device equipped with one or more micro dispensers.
  - 55. The biochip according to claim 54 wherein the micro dispensers are rod type.
  - 56. The biochip according to claim 54 wherein the micro dispensers are contactless micro dispensers of jet type.
  - 57. The biochip according to claim 54 wherein the micro dispensers form a regular structure.

- 58. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein one or more substrates including applied droplets of polymerization mixture, during polymerization, are placed into a sealed container under oxygen free inert atmosphere with a controlled humidity.
- 59. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein said container is filled with N<sub>2</sub>, Ar, or CO<sub>2</sub> gas.
- 60. The biochip according to claim 59 wherein the gas is continuously or periodically added to the container.
- 61. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein monomer A is one or more of acrylamide, methacrylamide, N-[tris(hydroxymethyl)methyl]acrylamide, and 2-hydroxyethylmethacrylate.
- 62. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein monomers are used separately or as a mixture.
- 63. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the cross-linking agent B is one of more N,N'-methylenbisacrylamide, N,N'-ethylenbismethacrylamide, N,N'-(1,2-dihydroxyethylene)bisacrylamide, and polyethylene glycol diacrylate.
- 64. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the cross-linking agents are used separately or as a mixture.
- 65. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is of formula (I):

wherein

OLIGO represents an oligonucleotide;

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are different and are selected from H, alkyl  $C_1$ - $C_6$ , Ph, and PhCH<sub>2</sub>-; Z is  $(CH_2)_nCH(CH_2OH)CH_2OX$  where n is 1-6; or Z is  $(CH_2)_r$ -OX where r is 2-6;

X is a phosphodiester group binding an unsaturated moiety to 5'- and/or 3'-end of the oligonucleotide;

R<sup>4</sup> represents H, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OH where r is 2-6; and

Y is  $(p-C_6H_4)_t$  where t is 0-2.

66. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is of formula (II):

wherein

**DNA** represents a DNA fragment,

X is H or H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>, and Z represents -CO-Y-CR<sup>1</sup>=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>

or

X is  $-CO-Y-CR^1=CR^2R^3$ , and Z is H or  $H_2PO_3$ ;

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are the same different and are selected from H, alkyl  $C_1$ - $C_6$ , Ph, and PhCH<sub>2</sub>-; and

Y represents  $(p-C_6H_4)_t$  where t is 0-2.

67. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is of formula (III);

wherein:

## DNA represents a DNA fragment;

 $R^1,\,R^2,\,R^3$  are the same different and are selected from H, alkyl  $C_1\text{-}C_6,\,Ph,$  and  $PhCH_2-$ ; and

Y is  $(p-C_6H_4)_t$  where t is 0-2.

68. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is of formula (IV):

$$R^1$$
 $R^3$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 

wherein:

## **DNA** represents a DNA fragment;

 $R^1,\ R^2,\ and\ R^3$  are the same different and are selected from H , alkyl  $C_1\text{-}C_6,\ Ph,\ and\ PhCH_2-$  ; and

Y is  $(p-C_6H_4)_t$  where t is 0-2;

R<sup>4</sup> represents H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OH where r is 2-6; and

Z is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)CH<sub>2</sub>OX where n is 1-6; or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-OX where r is 2-6; and

X is a phosphodiester group binding an unsaturated moiety to 5'- and/or 3'-end of the DNA fragment.

69. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is a protein of formula (V):

wherein

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are the same different and are selected from H, alkyl  $C_1$ - $C_6$ , Ph, and PhCH<sub>2</sub>-.

X is NH, O, CH<sub>2</sub>, or S;

Y is  $(p-C_6H_4)_t$  where t is 0-2; and

R is  $(CH_2)_s$ , or  $(CH_2CH_2O)_s$ , where s is 1-20.

70. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is a protein of formula (VI):

wherein

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are the same different and are selected from H, alkyl  $C_1$ - $C_6$ , Ph, and PhCH<sub>2</sub>-;

X is NH, O, S, or CH<sub>2</sub>;

Y is  $(p-C_6H_4)_t$ , where t is 0-2;

R is  $(CH_2)_s$ , or  $(CH_2CH_2O)_s$ , where s is 1-20;

W is NH, O, or CH<sub>2</sub>;

F is  $(CH_2)_x$ , where x is 1 or 2; and

Z is NH or S.

71. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein the modified biological macromolecule C is a protein of formula (VII):

wherein R represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>s</sub>, where s is 1–20.

- 72. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein D is a water soluble high-boiling organic compound.
- 73. The biochip according to claim 72 where the water soluble high-boiling organic compound is N,N-dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide or both.
- 74. The biochip according to claim 52 wherein use is made of a water soluble polyhydric compound as a component of the medium for performing the photo initiated polymerization.
- 75. The biochip according to claim 74 wherein the one or more water soluble polyhydric compound is selected from glycerol, sucrose and polyvinyl alcohol.
- 76. A method for performing PCR over the biochip according to claim 52 comprising the steps of:
  - a) adding amplification solution, forward (F) and reverse (R) primers of samples of nucleic acids under investigation; and
  - b) incubating the biochip under conditions of a thermocycling treatment providing a realization of PCR-amplification.
- 77. A method for performing the PCR over the biochip according to claim 52 comprising the steps of:
  - a) incubating isothermally the biochip with hybridization solution comprising the samples of nucleic acids under investigation to perform their hybridization with primers immobilized (synthetic oligonucleotides);

- b) incubating isothermally the biochip, comprising the nucleic acids being hybridized with primers immobilized, in the amplification solution containing forward (F) and reverse (R) primers;
- c) replacing the amplification solution out of biochip gel elements with hydrophobic liquid (mineral oil) which completely isolates biochip cells with each other, and
- d) incubating the biochip under conditions of a thermocycling treatment providing a realization of PCR-amplification.